



Australian Government
**Australian Pesticides and
Veterinary Medicines Authority**

**PERMIT TO ALLOW MINOR USE OF A REGISTERED AGVET CHEMICAL
PRODUCT FOR SUPPRESSION OF FRUIT FLY IN SPECIFIED BERRY FRUITS**

PERMIT NUMBER – PER87408

This permit is issued to the Permit Holder in response to an application granted by the APVMA under section 112 of the Agvet Codes of the jurisdictions set out below. This permit allows a person, as stipulated below, to use the product in the manner specified in this permit in the designated jurisdictions. This permit also allows the Permit Holder and any person stipulated below to claim that the product can be used in the manner specified in this permit.

THIS PERMIT IS IN FORCE FROM 15 APRIL 2019 TO 28 FEBRUARY 2029

Permit Holder:

HORTICULTURE INNOVATION AUSTRALIA LIMITED
Level 7, 141 Walker Street
NORTH SYDNEY NSW 2060

Persons who can use the product under this permit:

Persons generally.

CONDITIONS OF USE

Products to be used:

SUCCESS NEO JEMVELVA ACTIVE INSECTICIDE (APVMA No. 64109)

Containing: 120 g/L SPINETORAM as the only active constituent.

RESTRAINT:

DO NOT apply using Ultra Low Volume methods.

DO NOT apply more than four (4) applications to berryfruit crops in any one season.

DO NOT apply while bees are actively foraging.

Directions for Use:

Crop	Pest	Rate
Strawberries Rubus & Rubus hybrids Blueberries	For Suppression only, Queensland Fruit Fly (<i>Bactrocera tryoni</i>) Lesser Queensland Fruit Fly (<i>Bactrocera neohumeralis</i>) Mediterranean Fruit Fly (<i>Ceratitis capitata</i>)	40 mL/100 L (maximum of 400 mL/ha)

Critical Use Comments:

- THIS TREATMENT IS FOR SUPPRESSION OF ADULT FLIES ONLY. Spinetoram MUST be used in conjunction with other control strategies to be effective in reducing fruit fly damage to below economic thresholds.
- Identify the need for treatment based on pest pressure, as determined by regular crop scouting and fruit fly trapping.
- Apply as thorough foliar spray after flower set.
- Apply in 250–1000L of water/ha by ground-based boom sprayers only.
- DO NOT apply more than 4 applications per season, with a minimum 7-14 days between consecutive (repeat) sprays.
- DO NOT allow re-entry to treated areas until spray has dried, unless wearing appropriate PPE as specified on the product label.
- DO NOT contaminate waterways with product or containers.
- DO NOT allow irrigation water from treated paddocks/areas to enter adjacent pastures, crops or water supplies.
- HIGHLY toxic to bees. DO NOT spray while bees are actively foraging. Beekeepers who have hives in or nearby the area to be sprayed, should be notified no less than 48 hours prior to the time of planned application so that bees can be removed or otherwise protected prior to spraying.

Withholding Period:

Harvest: Do not harvest for 1 day after application.

Jurisdiction:

All States and Territories, except VIC.

Note: Victoria is not included in this permit, as their Control-of-Use legislation means a permit is not required to legalise this off-label use in that State.

Additional Conditions:

This permit allows for the use of a product in a manner specified on the permit. Persons who wish to prepare for use and/or use products for the purposes specified in this permit must read, or have read to them, the details and conditions of this permit. Unless otherwise stated, the use of the product must be in accordance with the product label.

The holder of the permit must notify the APVMA of new information, including relevant information in accordance with section 161 of the Schedule to the *Agricultural and Veterinary Chemicals Code Act 1994*, in accordance with the obligation imposed by that section.

Export of treated produce

Maximum Residue Limits (MRLs) have been established to allow treated produce to be used for human consumption. An MRL has been established for SPINETORAM in Berries and other small fruits. MRLs can be found in the *Agricultural and Veterinary Chemicals (MRL Standard for Residues of Chemical Products) Instrument 2023*. MRLs apply only to produce marketed and consumed in Australia. If treated produce is to be exported, residues must not exceed the limits/tolerances of the importing country.

Issued by the Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority

Note: 09/02/2024 – Permit updated to apply Restraints from label, update s161 condition and reference to MRL instrument. Permit expiry extended to 28/02/2029. Permit issued as Version 2.